## Week 8, Due Fri 11/22

- 1. Spivak, Chapter 9, Problem 5, 8, 19, 27
- 2. Assume that f(x) is a function with the following two properties:
  - (a) f(x+y) = f(x)f(y)
  - (b) f(x) is differentiable at x = 0.

Prove the following:

- (a) If f(0) = 0, then f(x) = 0 for all *x*.
- (b) If  $f(0) \neq 0$ , then f(0) = 1.
- (c) There is an equality f'(x) = f'(0)f(x). Hint: use that

$$f(x+h) - f(x) = f(x+h) - f(x)f(h) + f(x)f(h) - f(x).$$

- 3. Let f(x) and g(x) be two functions which are infinitely differentiable. Let e(x) = f(x)g(x).
  - (a) Prove that for all integers  $n \ge 0$ , we have

$$e^{(n)}(x) = \sum_{k=0}^{n} \binom{n}{k} f^{(k)}(x) g^{(n-k)}(x).$$
<sup>(1)</sup>

(b) Let  $a, b \ge 0$  be integers. Specialize the identity (1) to  $f(x) = x^a$  and  $g(x) = x^b$  and n = a + b and prove directly that both sides are the same. (You may use Spivak Chapter 9, Problem 27.)