

## Week 6, Due Fri 11/7

1. Spivak, Chapter 6, Problem 6, 7, 10.
2. Suppose that  $\lim_{x \rightarrow a} f(x)$  exists. Show that  $\forall \epsilon > 0$ , there  $\exists \delta > 0$  such that, if  $x$  and  $y$  satisfy  $0 < |x - a| < \delta$  and  $0 < |y - a| < \delta$ , then
$$|f(x) - f(y)| < \epsilon.$$
3. Is the converse to the last statement true? Think about it — but don't submit anything.
4. ( $\star$ ) Suppose that  $f(x)$  has domain  $\mathbf{R}$  and that  $f(x+y) = f(x) + f(y)$  for all  $x, y \in \mathbf{R}$ . Suppose that  $f(1) = 0$  and  $f(x)$  is continuous at  $x = 0$ . Prove that  $f(x) = 0$ .
5. Let  $f(x)$  be continuous on the interval  $(0, 1]$  which contains 1 but not 0. We say that  $f(x)$  takes on its maximal (respectively minimal) value if there is an  $a \in (0, 1]$  so that  $f(a) \geq f(x)$  for all  $x \in (0, 1]$ , (respectively  $f(x) \geq f(a)$  for all  $x \in (0, 1]$ ).
  - (a) Show that  $f(x) = x$  does not take on a minimal value and  $g(x) = -x$  does not take on a maximal value.
  - (b) ( $\star$ ) Must a continuous  $f(x)$  on  $(0, 1]$  with  $|f(x)| \leq 1$  *either* take on its maximal or its minimal value?