

Mixed characteristic commutative algebra

Thm CM: Fix a prime p

1) Local: R excellent noeth domain, $p \in \text{Rad}(R)$

$\Rightarrow R^+ :=$ absolute int closure of R

R^+/p is CM over R/p

$(R^+)^{\wedge}$ is CM over R under mild conditions)

2) Global: $V = p$ -adic DVR, X/V proper flat scheme of rel dim d ,

$L \in \text{Pic}(X)$ semiample + big

Then $\exists$ a finite cover $\pi: Y \rightarrow X$ s.t

$$H^{<d}(X_{p=0}, L^{-1}) \rightarrow H^{<d}(Y_{p=0}, L^{\tau})$$

is 0 (where $X_{p=0} = X \otimes_{\mathbb{Z}} \mathbb{Z}/p$)

Rmk: 1) Thm CM (1) gives an explicit construction of "weakly functorial CM algebras" (Andre, Gabber)

2) Thm CM (2) has applications to MMP in mixed characteristic, ex: with MPS TW, we show that flip exist in dim 3.

3) Related ideas + ^(rational) ₁ p-adic Hodge theory $\Rightarrow$

Given X/V as above, the following two subsheaves of $\omega_{X[V_p]}/V[V_p]$ are equal:

• $I(\omega_{X[\frac{1}{p}]}) = \pi_* \omega_Z$ for any resolution $\pi: Z \rightarrow X[\frac{1}{p}]$

• $\tau(\omega_X)[\frac{1}{p}] = \left(\bigcap_{\substack{X \xrightarrow{\pi} X \\ \text{finite covers} \\ \text{dom by } X^t}} \text{Im}(\pi_* \omega_Y \xrightarrow{f^*} \omega_X) \right) [\frac{1}{p}]$

Pf of Thm CM in the almost category

Thm ACM : $C/\mathbb{Q}_p$ complete + alg closed.

$R/\mathbb{Q}_C$ fin. presented flat domain

$\Rightarrow R^+/p$ is almost CM over R/p

$$\left(\text{ie } H_x^i((R^+/p)_x) \stackrel{a}{=} 0 \quad \forall i < \dim((R/p)_x) \right. \\ \left. \forall x \in \operatorname{Spec}(R/p) \right)$$

Sketch of proof :

$$\text{Say } X = \operatorname{Spec}(R[\frac{1}{p}]) / C$$

$$X^+ = \operatorname{Spec}(R^+[\frac{1}{p}]) \xrightarrow{\pi} X$$

As R^+ is perfectoid after p -completion,

$$\text{Thm RH} \Rightarrow \operatorname{RH}(\pi_* \underline{\mathbb{F}}_p) \stackrel{a}{=} R^+/p$$

$\therefore$ it suffices to show :

a) $\pi_{Y,*} \mathbb{F}_p$ is ind-perverse (up to shift):

$$\pi_{Y,*} \mathbb{F}_p = \operatorname{colim} F_i[-n], \quad \text{where}$$

$$F_i \in \operatorname{Perv}(X; \mathbb{F}_p) \quad \text{and} \quad n = \dim(X)$$

b) F perverse $\Rightarrow \operatorname{RH}(F)[-n]$ is almost CM / R_p

Pf of (a): The Key Lemma from last time implies

that $\mathbb{F}_p_{X^+}$ is $*$ -extended from the gen pt of X^+

$$\therefore \pi_{Y,*} \mathbb{F}_p_{X^+} = \operatorname{colim}_{\substack{Y \xrightarrow{\pi_Y} X \\ \text{finite covers}}} \pi_{Y,*} (\eta_{Y,*} \mathbb{F}_p)$$

$\therefore$ suffices to observe that

$$\pi_{Y,*} (\eta_{Y,*} \mathbb{F}_p) = \pi_{Y,*} \left(\operatorname{colim}_{U \subset Y} j_{U,*} \mathbb{F}_p \right)$$

and $\pi_{Y,*} j_{U,*} \mathbb{F}_p[-n]$ is perverse for $j: U \subset Y$ being a smooth affine open (Artin).

Pf of (b) : $\mathbb{F}$ perverse $\Rightarrow$

$$RH(F) = \underbrace{ID \circ RH \circ ID(F)}_{\substack{\uparrow \\ \text{perverse} \\ \text{connective}}} \in ID_{\text{Goth}}(D^{\leq 0})$$

$\therefore$ suffices to show : $ID_{\text{Goth}}(D^{\leq 0}) \in \left\{ \begin{array}{l} \text{almost CM} \\ \text{complexes} \end{array} \right\}$

This follows from the proof of:

Lemma : X noeth scheme admitting dualizing complex

$$\Rightarrow ID_{\text{Goth}}(D^{\leq 0})[-\dim X] \in \left\{ \begin{array}{l} \text{CM complex} \\ \parallel \\ \left\{ K \mid H_x^i(K_x) \in D^{\geq \dim(\mathcal{O}_{K_x})} \right. \\ \left. \forall x \in X \right\} \end{array} \right\}$$

■

Rmk : 1) Thm ACM previously known in $\dim \leq 3$
(Heitmann)

2) In part (a), can show $\pi_{X*} \mathbb{F}_p[n] = \bigcup_{\substack{\pi_Y: Y \rightarrow X \\ \text{finite}}} \pi_{Y,*} \underline{IC}_Y$

Aside: How does RH relate to D-modules?

$K/\mathbb{Q}_p$ disc valued field, $C = \hat{\bar{K}}$

X_0/K proper variety, $X = X_0 \otimes_K C$

Expect:

$$\begin{array}{ccc} \text{Perv}_{\text{WHT}}(X_0; \mathbb{Q}_p) & \xrightarrow{\sim \text{RH}} & \left\{ \begin{array}{l} \text{good filtered + regular} \\ \text{holonomic } \mathcal{D}_{X_0}\text{-mods} \end{array} \right\} \\ \downarrow \text{RH} & & \downarrow \text{gr}^* \\ & & \mathcal{D}_{\text{coh}}^b(T^*X_0) \\ & & \downarrow \mathcal{O}_X^* \\ \mathcal{D}_{\text{coh}}^b(X) & \longleftarrow & \mathcal{D}_{\text{coh}}^b(X_0) \end{array}$$

Thm CM in the real world

To prove Thm CM, we follow the outline of

Thm HL (Huneke-Lyubeznik):

$R =$ excellent meth_{local} domain / IFP

$\exists$ a finite cover $R \rightarrow S$ s.t

$$H_m^i(R) \longrightarrow H_m^i(S) \text{ is } 0$$

$$\forall i < \dim(R)$$

Pf Strategy:

1) Induction: Using induction on $\dim$, $\exists$
a finite cover $R \rightarrow S$ s.t

$$H_m^i(R) \longrightarrow H_m^i(S) \text{ has}$$

finite length image for $i < \dim(R)$

2) Killing cohomology: For any finite length

Frob-stable submodule $M \in H_m^i(R)$,

$\exists R \rightarrow S$ fin cover killing M .

In mixed char, we follow same argument using

Δ instead of Θ

Outline of pf of Thm CM

$$V = \overline{\mathbb{Z}_p}, \quad X = \mathbb{A}_V^n, \quad x \in X_{p=0} \text{ closed}$$

$$(A, (d)) \text{ perfect prism st } A/(d) = V$$

Goal: $H_x^i(\mathcal{O}_X^+/p) = 0 \quad \forall i < n$ (*)

$$\overline{K} = \overline{K(X)}$$

$$P = \left\{ \begin{array}{l} \text{Spec}(\overline{K}) \xrightarrow{\quad} Y \leftarrow \text{semistable}/V \\ \quad \quad \quad \searrow \pi_Y \downarrow \leftarrow \text{alteration} \\ \quad \quad \quad X \end{array} \right\}$$

Obs: Thm DS from last time $\Rightarrow$

$$\text{Colim}_{Y \in P} R\pi_{Y,*} \mathcal{O}_Y/p = \mathcal{O}_X^+/p$$

$$\therefore (*) \Leftrightarrow \text{colim}_{Y \in P} H_x^i(R\pi_{Y,*} \mathcal{O}_Y/p) = 0 \quad i < n$$

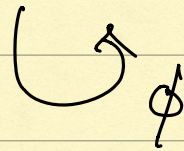
(Log) Hodge - Tate comp theorem

$$\Leftrightarrow \operatorname{colim}_{Y \in \mathcal{P}} H_x^i(\Delta_Y / (p, d)) = 0 \quad \forall i < n$$

where $\Delta_Y = \underline{\log} \Delta\text{-coh of } Y$ (Cesnavicius-Kashikawa)

Bockstein

$$\Leftrightarrow \operatorname{colim}_{Y \in \mathcal{P}} H_x^i(\Delta_Y / p) = 0 \quad \forall i < n+1$$



Proof of $\Rightarrow$ via the Huneke-Lyubeznik method

1) Killing cohomology: Any Frob-stable $M \subset H_x^i(\Delta_Y / p)$ which is f.g / V is killed by some $Y' \rightarrow Y$ in $\mathcal{P}$.

2) Induction on $\dim$: For any $Y \in \mathcal{P}$, $\exists$

$Y' \rightarrow Y$ in $\mathcal{P}$ s.t

$$H_x^i(\Delta_Y / (p, d)) \longrightarrow H_x^i(\Delta_{Y'} / (p, d))$$

has f.g image $\forall i < n$

3) Bounding d-torsion: $\forall \gamma \in P, \exists \alpha \gamma' \rightarrow \gamma$
in P st the image of

$$H_{\infty}^i(\Delta \gamma / P) \longrightarrow H_{\infty}^i(\Delta \gamma' / P)$$

is d^C -torsion for some $C = C(n)$, $i < n+1$.

4) Combine (2) + (3): $\forall \gamma \in P, \exists \gamma' \rightarrow \gamma$

st $\text{im} \left(H_{\infty}^i(\Delta \gamma / P) \longrightarrow H_{\infty}^i(\Delta \gamma' / P) \right)$

is fg $\forall i < n+1$

5) (1) + (4) $\Rightarrow$ (*').

